

## Gas-based Power Plant

## The Variables

1	Si ze	675	MW			300	MW		
2	Area								
3	Project cost per MW	3	Crores Rs			3	Crores Rs		
Envi 1	ronmental cost (Rs. Crores)	PS1/AW1/L	PS1/AW1/L	PS1/AW2/L	PS1/AW2/LF	PS2/AW1/L	PS2/AW1/L	PS2/AW2/L	PS2/AW2/L
		F1	F2	F1	2	F1	F2	F1	F2
Contr	rol / Stability measures								
Air p	oollution								
	Equipment to monitor environment	0. 13	0. 13	0. 13	0. 13	0.13	0. 13	0. 13	0.13
	Equipment to monitor ambient air								
	quality								
	Nox Control	48.42	48.42	48.42	48. 42	21.52	21.52	21. 52	21. 52
	Liquid Fuel Handling System	5.65	5.65	0. 56	0. 56	2.51	2. 51	0. 25	0. 25
Water	· pollution								
	Condensate cooling water including	11. 89	11.89	11.89	11. 89	5. 28	5. 28	5. 28	5. 28
	Reservoir, Tubewells, etc. &								
	sani tati on								
	DM plant waste treatment systems	3. 38	3. 38	1.26	1. 26	1.50	1.50	0.56	1.50
	Sewerage collection, treatment &	1. 31	1. 31	1. 31	1. 31	1. 31	1. 31	1. 31	1.3
	disposal system								

Land

CBA of	environmental	norms	-	Analysis
--------	---------------	-------	---	----------

160
-----

Rehabilitation & resettlement of	14.04	0. 30	14.04	0. 30	6. 24	0. 13	6. 24	0. 13
di spl aced persons								
Restoration of land in construction								
area								

Environmental cost (Rs. Crores)					PS1/AW2/LF			PS2/AW2/L	PS2/AW2/L
		F1	F2	F1	2	F1	F2	F1	F2
Fores									
t									
	Environmental losses (when	4.12	0. 84	4.12	0. 84	1.83	0. 37	1.83	0. 37
	compensatory afforestation is not								
	done) or afforestation								
Noi se		1							
	Measures to control noise impact			The noise l	evel is mai	ntai ned wi	thin limit:	S	
	(ear muffs)								
Vi sua									
l sua									
	Green belt development	2. 01	0. 28	2. 01	0. 28	0. 89	0. 12	0. 89	0. 12
0ther	costs								
	Control of fire & explosion hazards	3. 11	3. 11	3. 11	3. 11	3. 11	3. 11	3. 11	3. 11
	(safety measures)								
	TOTAL	94.05	75. 29	86.84	68.09	44. 33	35.99	41.12	33. 73
	Environment cost as % of TOTAL	5%							

161

easures		
Morbidity		
Mortality		
splacement		
Psychological suffering		
Health impact		
Loss in livelihood	-The valuation techniques evaluable are mostly applicable to developed countries	
o-diversity	The valuation techniques avaliable are mostly applicable to developed countries hence not possible to extend to Indian conditions. The impact of air study done	
Marine life	Brandon and Hommann is an analysis for all air pollution from all sources and he	
Wildlife habitat	cannot be extended to one single power project. Thus one needs to keep in mind the	
Upsetting of ecological balance	additional cost associated with these impacts and the corresponding under	
nd/Material	estimation involved in environmental costing. However the impact of gas based	
Soil erosion effect	projects are relatively lower than coal based projects.	
Material erossion/soiling		
Impact of productivity loss		
i se		
Hearing loss		
Psychol ogi cal effect		
sua		
Aesthetic loss		

*Note.* Control/Stability measures and other costs will have corresponding monetary values For the impact measures corresponding economic valuation have to be done.

162